

Please check that this question paper contains 09 questions and 02 printed pages within first ten minutes.

EVENING

[Total No. of Questions: 09]

Uni. Roll No.

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Program: B.Tech. (Batch 2018 onward)

Semester: 4

Name of Subject: Analog Circuits

Subject Code: PCEC-106

Paper ID: 16222

Time Allowed: 03 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

NOTE:

- 1) Parts A and B are compulsory
- 2) Part-C has Two Questions Q8 and Q9. Both are compulsory, but with internal choice.
- 3) Any missing data may be assumed appropriately.

Part – A

[Marks: 02 each]

Q1.

- a) Define Barkhausen's Criteria for sustained oscillation.
- b) Compare positive feedback and negative feedback in electronic circuits.
- c) List any four performance parameters of an op-amp with their units.
- d) Classify voltage regulators.
- e) A parallel resonant circuit has a capacitor of 250 pF in one branch and inductance of 1.25 mH with a resistance of 10 Ω in the parallel branch. Determine resonant frequency.
- f) Distinguish between Class A and Class B power amplifiers.

Part – B

[Marks: 04 each]

- Q2. Explain the working of RC Phase Shift Oscillator.
- Q3. Classify coupling in multistage amplifiers.
- Q4. Make use of an op-amp to build integrator and solve for its output voltage.
- Q5. Prove that the maximum efficiency of Class B push-pull amplifier is 78.5%.
- Q6. Examine the causes and effects of harmonic distortion in power amplifiers.
- Q7. Determine the oscillator frequency for Hartley oscillator with circuit values: $C = 250$ pF, $L_1 = 1.5$ mH, $L_2 = 1.5$ mH, and mutual coupling, $M = 0.5$ mH.

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P.T.O.

Q8. Illustrate the impact of negative feedback on amplifier gain, input impedance, output impedance and bandwidth.

OR

- (i) Compare single-tuned and double-tuned amplifiers.
- (ii) Explain the working of Complementary-symmetry amplifier.

Q9. (i) Determine input bias currents at each input of an op-amp having specified values of Input Offset Current, $I_{IO} = 5 \text{ nA}$ and Average Bias Current, $I_{IB} = 30 \text{ nA}$.

(ii) For an op-amp having a slew rate of $SR = 2 \text{ V}/\mu\text{s}$, determine the maximum closed-loop voltage gain that can be used when the input signal varies by 0.5 V in $10 \mu\text{s}$.

(iii) Evaluate the cutoff frequency of a first-order low-pass filter for $R_1 = 1.2 \text{ k}\Omega$ and $C_1 = 0.02 \mu\text{F}$.

OR

(i) Calculate the output voltage of an op-amp summing amplifier for the following sets of voltages and resistors. Use feedback resistance, $R_f = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ in all cases.

(a) $V_1 = +1 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = +2 \text{ V}$, $V_3 = +3 \text{ V}$, $R_1 = 500 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$, $R_3 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$.

(b) $V_1 = -2 \text{ V}$, $V_2 = +3 \text{ V}$, $V_3 = +1 \text{ V}$, $R_1 = 200 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_2 = 500 \text{ k}\Omega$, $R_3 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$.

(ii) Determine the output voltage of an op-amp for input voltages of $V_{i1} = 150 \mu\text{V}$ and $V_{i2} = 140 \mu\text{V}$. The amplifier has a differential gain of $A_d = 4000$ and the value of CMRR is 100.
